CHAPTER 2

NO.1

True and False

Written starting with a capital letter (T,F)

NO.2

And , or and not

NO.3

For and

True and True True

True and False False

False and True False

False and False False

For or

True and True True

False and False False

True and False True

False and True True

For not

Not False True

Not True False

NO.4

False

True

True

True

False

True

NO.5

>,<,==,=!,>=,<=

Used to compare two values and evaluate to a single Boolean value

NO.6

The equal to operator asks whether the two values are the same

The assignment operator puts the values on the right into the variable on to the left

NO.7

Condition evaluate to a Boolean value True and False

In flow control statements

NO.8

Print(‘egg’)

Print(‘spam’)

Print(‘bacon’)

Print(‘ham’)

NO.9

If spam == 1:

Print (‘Hello’)

If spam == 2:

Print (‘Howdy’)

Else:

Print (‘Greetings’)

NO.10

Ctrl+C

NO11

Break statement stops the entire loop

Continue statements takes the loop back to the start

NO.12

(10)contains the end value only

(0,10,1) contains a start and end value and and a step argument

(0,10) contains only a start and end value

NO.13

For I in range(1,10):

Print(i)

I = 1

While(i<=10)

Print(i)

I = i+1

NO.14

Spam.bacon()